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Exam : **C_SIGVT_2506**

Title : SAP Certified Associate - Validating Business Transformation

Version : DEMO

1.What is the primary role of the SAP Business Technology Platform? (2 correct answers)
A. To provide integration with third-party ecosystems
B. To serve as the underlying technology platform for SAP S/4HANA
C. To provide a platform for onboarding suppliers
D. To enable application extension with technologies like machine learning and AI
Answer: A D
Explanation:
SAP Business Technology Platform (SAP BTP) is designed to be the central innovation and integration layer within SAP's cloud strategy. One of its key roles is toprovide integration with third-party ecosystems. BTP offers a comprehensive integration suite that includes API management, data services, event-driven architecture, and over a thousand prebuilt connectors. This enables seamless communication between SAP applications and external systems, supporting end-to-end processes that extend beyond the SAP landscape. Organizations rely on this capability to unify their heterogeneous IT environments without modifying the SAP core system.
Another primary role of BTP is toenable application extensions enhanced by machine learning, AI, automation, and low-code/no-code development tools. Through services such as SAP Build, SAP AI Core, workflow automation, and analytics, businesses can create intelligent extensions that improve efficiency and innovate rapidly. These extensions run on the platform independently from SAP S/4HANA, ensuring that the core system remains clean, upgradeable, and stable.
Options B and C do not represent the main purpose of BTP. S/4HANA runs on SAP HANA, not BTP, and onboarding suppliers is a procurement-specific capability typically handled by SAP Ariba—not BTP.
Thus, integration capabilities and intelligent extensibility are the two correct primary roles.

2.What is the significance of data privacy compliance in a clean core strategy?
A. It allows unrestricted access to all data
B. It ensures data is stored and processed only for justifiable purposes
C. It focuses on data duplication
D. It eliminates the need for data archiving
Answer: B
Explanation:
Data privacy compliance is an essential element of SAP's clean core strategy because it ensures that an organization manages data responsibly and in accordance with legal and regulatory requirements. In a clean core environment, systems must support standardized handling of personal, sensitive, and business-critical data. This includes ensuring that data is collected, stored, accessed, and processed only for valid business purposes that comply with regulations such as GDPR or local data protection laws.
Maintaining proper data privacy also reduces risk during upgrades and transformations. Clean core principles emphasize minimizing custom data handling logic, which reduces the chances of unauthorized access or non-compliant processing. By adhering to standardized data frameworks and extension patterns, organizations limit the potential for data misuse and maintain clear control over data lineage and retention policies.
Options A and D contradict privacy best practices—unrestricted access and eliminating archiving would create major compliance issues. Option C addresses operational concerns but is unrelated to privacy.
Therefore, the correct significance is that data privacy compliance ensures data is processed lawfully,

purposefully, and responsibly within a clean core ecosystem.

3.What is the function of WalkMe in the toolchain?
A. Supporting test automation
B. Supporting interface testing
C. Automating data backup
D. Providing user guidance and enablement
Answer: D
Explanation:
WalkMe is an end-user enablement tool integrated into SAP transformation programs to ensure smooth adoption and reduce user learning challenges. It provides interactive guidance, on-screen instructions, and automated walkthroughs directly within the SAP application interface. This allows users to follow step-by-step workflows while performing tasks in real time, significantly improving their ability to adapt to new processes and system changes introduced during transformation.
During deployments, WalkMe accelerates onboarding by reducing training time and minimizing errors. It also supports change management by ensuring that process updates or new functionalities are clearly communicated. Instead of relying on static documentation, users receive dynamic, context-aware guidance.
WalkMe does not perform test automation (A) or interface testing (B), which are functions handled by other tools such as Tricentis. It also does not manage data backups (C). Its purpose within the RISE with SAP and Activate methodologies is to providein-application guidance, digital adoption support, and user empowerment, ensuring that business users can navigate redesigned processes confidently and efficiently.

4.What are the phases of a business transformation process?
A. Discover, plan, analyze, design, implement, operate
B. Discover, prepare, explore, realize, deploy, run
C. Analyze, plan, execute, monitor
D. Discover, plan, execute, deploy, evaluate, run
Answer: B
Explanation:
These six phases—Discover, Prepare, Explore, Realize, Deploy, and Run—represent the standard SAP Activate-based structure used in transformation projects. Each phase has specific deliverables: discovery focuses on identifying value and readiness; prepare sets the foundation; explore validates fit-to-standard processes; realize configures and tests the solution; deploy transitions the system into production; and run focuses on operations and continuous improvement. This phased approach provides consistency across transformation initiatives.

5.What is one of the primary goals of the RISE with SAP Methodology?
A. Drive support automation
B. Reduce the number of SAP systems
C. Ensure predictable implementation and clean core adherence
D. Eliminate partner involvement
Answer: C

Explanation:
The RISE with SAP methodology emphasizes delivering transformation projects in a predictable, repeatable, and quality-assured manner. A central focus of this methodology is enforcing clean core principles, which prevent unnecessary modifications and ensure systems remain easy to upgrade and extend. The structured phases, quality gates, and integrated toolchain all support predictable outcomes. The methodology does not aim to reduce system count or eliminate partners; instead, it ensures guided, standardized, and clean implementations.